

First Story Next Sunday
— March 30 —

TERRA AGREEMENT BY ALE... SAYS WOMAN WITNESS

THE HALL AT GRAFTON DESCRIBED BY WOMAN

Mrs. Philip Schnitzman of Buffalo, a comely young matron of French descent, gave interesting testimony at the trial of the Harry Hallett \$50,000 suit in the Suffolk Superior Civil Court to day regarding life on the Grafton dairy farm of the late Daniel E. Hallett of this city.

An exchange of promises between young Hallett and his father, Daniel B. Hallett, was related in her testimony.

Mrs. Schnitzman was called as a witness by Mrs. Mayne J. Harty of West Newton street, who is suing the Hallett for \$50,000 on the ground that he had promised to give her that sum, as half of his son's estate, on her agreement not to bring a breach of promise suit against the son.

Mrs. Schnitzman was asked about a conversation she had with the elder Hallett in 1917, about one and one-half years before the son died. She said:

"I was dining the hall at No. 226 West Newton street where Mrs. Harty lived and where young Hallett had lodged at times. The old man (the elder Hallett) called on me and wanted me to give him some paper. The son was his name, and said to his father: 'There's no need of paper. You keep your promise and we'll keep ours.' The father replied: 'I'll keep my promise if you keep yours.'"

Mrs. Schnitzman is cross-examined by the attorney for the Harty party, who showed a typewritten copy of the contents of which were not made public. She denied that she had seen the elder Hallett, when his name was given to her as the son's signature to the paper.

The witness said she arrived in this country from Europe in 1915, the age of 14 and went to Mrs. Harty's West Newton street home as a maid. She helped Mrs. Harty.

She testified to going to the younger Hallett's dairy farm in Grafton with Mrs. Harty, when the latter was there for three years, beginning in 1912. Mrs. Harty, who had married young Hallett, was managing the farm, working in both houses and garden.

Mrs. Harty was questioned whether young Hallett drank there. She said:

"During the first year and one-half I was at Grafton he did not drink. I noticed the place was large dairy farm employing as many as ten men. Some of the men were in three months or even in six months during the last part of the time I was there."

"Old Mr. Hallett was at the farm all the time. The relations between him and his son and Mrs. Harty were always pleasant. The son was the same table with them and entertained some of his friends at the farm. She said that young Hallett seemed to be a very nice man and to drive his automobile and motorcycle."

Anthony Oak, proprietor of a Worcester garage and chauffeur for young Hallett at Grafton from November, 1914, to July, 1917, testified that he drove the young man and thought him normal in habits. He said the elder Hallett was at Grafton about once a month and relations were friendly.

In cross-examination Oak said he took young Hallett to the Hotel Hamilton, Worcester, about three months before his death, and that Hallett did not get liquor there any more.

William Gill of No. 1761 Washington street, Boston, testified that he was with the young man on the morning of his death, and that he and his friend of young Hallett testified that he was with the young man on the morning of his death, and that he and his friend of young Hallett testified that he was with the young man on the morning of his death.

"I did not sign for thirteen drinks at the B. A. A. I don't know how many he signed for."

Charles B. Harty, captain, said Hallett seemed normal to him. An inventory of the son's estate was introduced at the trial, and it was estimated that the young man left about \$100,000.

SOUTH BOSTON BOY IS KILLED BY AUTO TRUCK

Stephen Joyce, nearly four years old, was instantly killed in front of his home, No. 15A street, South Boston, when he was struck and run over by a big auto truck. The truck, owned by Daniel A. Dunn, was operated by Joseph W. Reynolds, who will be arraigned in South Boston Court.

BY S. S. 'NITONIAN' FROM LONDON

Crosse & Blackwell

CHOW CHOW PICKLES

The removal of War-Time Embargoes enables us to announce the arrival of our FIRST DIRECT IMPORTATION of these unvarnished and so long desired Pickles.

S. S. PIERCE CO.

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MISS THORNDIKE, GUIDE OF 9 SIGHTLESS HEROES

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DISSEMINATING PLOT FOR RUSSIAN 'RED' RULE

Document Also Shows How League Urging Inter-marriage With White Women

By International News Service. YANKEE, N. Y., March 25.—A remarkable and elaborately drawn document found on the person of Dr. Chen Su Yen, having for its purpose the promotion of inter-marriage with women of the white race and the subversion of the principles of the National League, an organization said to be vigorously functioning in every quarter of the globe.

The office are on the eighteenth floor of a modern building that faces Broadway, a short distance from City Hall Park. It is officially the Bureau of Information of Soviet Russia, R. A. Martens, newly appointed representative of the Lenin-Trotsky government in the United States.

It is foolish to say that the government of Soviet Russia financed the Bolshevik revolution in Hungary," the document states. "The Bolshevik revolution was not necessary to the establishment of the Soviet Republic. It was the result of the Russian people's desire to put socialism into practice."

The document goes further that at the annual general meeting this year delegates from practically every country in the world were represented. Where the league, or tongue, was not represented, it is ordered that all Chinese refusing to join shall be driven from that country.

Dr. Yen, who is editor of a publication known as the New Republic, and whose arrest followed the assassination of Chinese Ambassador Chen recently, is charged with being one of the heads of the organization. He is also known to have a copy of the secret treaty between Japan and China, which was stolen from the Chinese legation in London and sent to China.

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'Oh, Jack!' and Then the Stern Order of 'Eyes Front' Faded

By BEN MELLON. New York, March 25.—A gold sign on the door, bright red carpets on the floor, a pleasing but rather authoritative girl with a pronounced English name who wears what might be a Russian blouse or a smock, her hair dressed in Greenwich Village style and who addresses half a dozen or more seemingly busy, studious men as "comrades," are the exterior indications that the government of Soviet Russia is now officially represented in the United States.

The office are on the eighteenth floor of a modern building that faces Broadway, a short distance from City Hall Park. It is officially the Bureau of Information of Soviet Russia, R. A. Martens, newly appointed representative of the Lenin-Trotsky government in the United States.

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PARADE DENIED FOR GAS TANK PROTEST

Street Commission Turns Down 3,000 Who Wanted to March to State House

Three thousand men and women, who wished to parade today to protest conditions in Boston which made the molasses tank tragedy in Commercial street last January possible, were refused a parade permit by the Street Commission.

The petitioners wanted to march through the streets with the State House as their objective, where they sought a protest against a proposed bill which would put limitations on the amount of illuminating gas without city limits.

The Street Commission denied the parade permit, as it was felt that such a procession would not be in the public interest. The commission also stated that it was not in a position to grant such a permit.

At the State House, however, attorneys did not know until almost noon that the proposed parade had been refused. State police were on duty, and the commission on lighting moved its efforts over into the afternoon, and the parade was held.

When it became known that the parade permit was refused, a hearing was given over to the public. The hearing was held in the afternoon, and the parade was held.

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NEWBURY HAZARDED ON \$100,000 BURNER FOR RUTH SHELLEY, ACTRESS

"PAID" INCIDENT DESCRIBED IN COURT CASE WITNESS

Continued from First Page.

Fall of 1917, sent for a photographer and had her pictures taken in bed. These pictures were used by Thompson Newbury to show the "unwarranted extravagance" to which Mrs. Newbury subjected him.

Newbury resumed the attack at the opening of the session, and Attorney Thurston went on with his cross-examination.

Q—Regarding that \$5 birthday dinner your wife gave, do you consider it more extravagant than you to give a \$100 dinner at about the same time? A—I recall it but I don't recall a dinner, but I don't know how near it was to the birthday dinner.

Q—How many times do you recall being present in New York at which Mrs. Shelley was present? A—I recall only one.

Q—Who was present? A—Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Shelley and Mrs. Newbury and myself. Q—And did you pay \$10 admission each for five people to the New Amsterdam? A—No, I did not.

Q—Do you recall whether this dinner was given at a place where tickets of admission were required? A—No.

Q—Where was the \$10 dinner given? A—At the Hotel Woodcock, in Boston.

Q—And you had no objection to your wife giving a dinner there? A—My wife went right ahead about it. Q—Who were the guests at that dinner? A—I cannot recall the list.

DETAILS OF AUTO TRIP. The witness testified in details of the much discussed automobile trip that he took early in September, 1917, after he had definitely made up his mind to leave Mrs. Newbury. The trip covered Hutton Woods, New York, Hotel Edward on the North Shore, and Hotel Beacon, Westchester.

He stayed not more than five days at any one hotel.

Q—When you were in New York, where did you stop? A—Hotel Plaza.

Q—From the time you left your wife until you sent her the letter on November 17, to what extent did you change your expenditures or mode of living? A—My expenditures were governed entirely by my health at that time.

ASSOCIATES QUITE PROPER. Q—Did your physician advise your staying in New York at the Plaza for eight days? A—I didn't consider it necessary to ask his opinion about it.

Q—You spoke of your friendship with Randall Deane, how long before you went over to the Manhattan did your mother, Mrs. Newbury, present, ask you not to go around with Randall Deane? A—He was never a subject of conversation with my mother.

Q—Your wife never objected to your friendship with Fred Looka? A—On the contrary, Mrs. Newbury was constantly inviting him to be one of the party. Mr. Looka accompanied us to house parties on the North Shore because the wanted him to be.

Q—Name some of the parties you visited? A—The Looka's, the Deane's, and the Newbury's. Q—It is a fact that Mrs. Deane and Fred Looka were proper people for you to go around with? A—I never thought otherwise at the time. Mr. Looka visited us frequently at our house. Mr. Deane was not such a frequent visitor.

Mr. Newbury said that his wife had never made any objection to his friendship with either one of these men.

He denied that he had ever had any trouble with Mrs. Newbury in the presence of Looka. Attorney Knowlton, in his cross-examination, asked the witness to tell of the "Palmer" incident. He said: "Mr. Lowell and I went up to the Manhattan for something to eat. Mrs. Newbury was at the dining room."

"When we went in there were six people at a table, three men and three girls, none of whom I had ever seen. I went out and when I came back Mr. Lowell was talking to two of the girls. I joined him, and we talked for two or three minutes. In the conversation, something was said about a telephone number, and I wrote it down in full. I never knew her last name and I never saw her again."

HAD TO BORROW RIZON. Witness said that this was the Saturday night before his eye trouble began. In January, 1917: Q—It is the time you went away. How badly did that eye hurt you? A—Several thousands of dollars were obliged to borrow \$12,500 on life insurance policies.

Q—Where did you spend Thanksgiving Day in 1917? A—I don't recall.

Q—Did you spend it with Miss Evelyn Willis of No. 12 Greenway Park, New York? A—I don't recall.

Witness admitted that he did know a young woman who lived at the Mrs. Newbury.

Mother Dies in Fire in Vain Effort to Save Babies

By International News Service. New York, March 25.—Mrs. Louise Mercur was burned to death today when she rushed into her flame-seized home in Richmond Hill, N. Y., for the grand jury to children, two of whom also perished in the fire.

Mrs. Mercur hurried to the street when aroused by the cry of "Fire!" Upon the sidewalk she found that none of her children had followed her. She dashed into the house and was badly burned and forced to return to the street.

As soon as she had recovered sufficiently she rushed into the flames again and never returned. Her daughters aged six and three also were burned to death.

Her husband and another daughter are at the point of death in Mary's Hospital.

NEWTON PREPARING FOR WELCOME TO THE 26TH Newton is preparing to welcome home the heroes of the 26th Division by the appointment of a committee of which Henry J. Harriman, president of the corporation of the city, and members of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, and will be chairman of the committee of the expenses of the celebration arranged by the city.

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QUATTRO IN CHARGE OF ITALIAN AFFAIRS IN U. S. Washington, March 25.—During the absence from the United States of the Italian ambassador, Count V. Maselli di Colera, the administration of the Italian high commission to the United States is being handled by Francesco Quattoro, by a special order of the State Department, it was announced today.

QUINCY Y. M. C. A. WORKER In INDIA RETURNS HOME After six years of Y. M. C. A. work in Madras, India, Quincy Y. M. C. A. worker has returned home. He is the son of the late Quincy Y. M. C. A. worker, who died in India.

SWISS SEND LETTERS TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA Washington, March 25.—Postal relations between Switzerland and Czechoslovakia have been established, the American legation at Bern has been informed according to a dispatch to the State Department this afternoon.

DOWN-AND-OUT PRICES TAKE LIFE EASY

Berlin Hotels Overrun by Dignitaries Who Have Been Jacked Out of Jobs

By ALFRED G. ANDERSEN, International News Service Staff Correspondent. Berlin, March 25.—In view of the fact that there is a strong feeling for a forty-four-hour week among the textile workers, a demand for such at fifty-four hours' pay may be made immediately, it was learned today.

A. J. Rubenstein said the Amalgamated Clothing Workers would back up the strikers in their demand, as the forty-four-hour week is the standard working week of the Amalgamated.

There was a certain air of jaunty ease and swaggering carelessness about that young fellow something peculiarly theatrical. Any crowd of Broadway café habitués would have designated him a "caper." It happened to be at the new stand in the middle of the city.

"Run along and bother somebody else," replied that young lady, whose heartless disposition already had been noted by the crowd.

"Too late," drawled the youth, dispassionately, as he moved forward with a dozen valises given him by Bern.

"That was Henry XXIII," said the last of the crowd, as he moved forward with a dozen valises given him by Bern.

Half an hour later I was talking to the last of the crowd, as he moved forward with a dozen valises given him by Bern.

WILLIAM J. LOVE WINS IN BROOKLINE RECOUNT William J. Love retained his position as auditor of Brookline, a recount shows. David B. Church, defeated by two votes, petitioned for the recount.

WILL WORKERS MAY DEMAND 44 HOUR WEEK

Amalgamated Workers Promise to Back Up New Demands, If Made

Lawrence, March 25.—In view of the fact that there is a strong feeling for a forty-four-hour week among the textile workers, a demand for such at fifty-four hours' pay may be made immediately, it was learned today.

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'Boudoir Bolshevik,' Lawrence Judge Calls Rioters

Lawrence, March 25.—Enter a new type—the "Boudoir Bolshevik." Habit, this city. So says Judge Jeremiah J. Mahoney, who held Louis Franks of Boston, editor of the Revolutionary Age, for the grand jury in connection with strike riots here.

Lawrence is suffering, among other things, from an influx of long-haired men who were pacifists during the war and are "against" everything that ordinary mortals are in favor of.

Justice Mahoney also said in sentencing alleged rioters.

Three of the strike leaders are Rev. A. J. Muste, Rev. H. L. Moten and Rev. Cedric Louis of Boston.

BREWERS OF BOSTON MAY DEFEAT STATE LAW If the Federal authorities decide that beer 24 per cent. alcohol is not intoxicating in the meaning of the statute, Boston brewers will make beer 24 per cent. alcohol, according to Edward Clark, president of the Boston Brewers' Association.

The brewers of beer more than one per cent. alcohol. The State law referred to is now an obsolete book for no-licence taverns, and under national prohibition is out of the picture.

'LIMNETH COULD PAID' LEADS TO A DIVORCE Providence, March 25.—Limneth, sugar and hot water—recipe for both a beverage and a divorce. Mrs. Caroline Peterson was granted a decree of divorce from her husband, Mr. Charles Peterson, in the Superior Court here when she testified that her husband was addicted to limneth.

Joan of Arc to be Canonized, Paris Hears Paris, March 25.—Joan of Arc is to be canonized by Pope Benedict, according to advices in clerical circles here.

HALF PRICE ICE STATIONS TO REOPEN

Dealers Make Announcement Following Conference With Mayor Peters

Ice stations where Boston's poor may buy ice at half the regular price, will be established again this season, it was announced today by H. G. Votey, vice-president of the Massachusetts Ice Dealers' Association.

The announcement of the reopening of the stations established last year by the food administration followed a series of conferences with Mayor Peters in this regard.

The shortage of ice "acute" said Vice-President Votey, "and the dealers feel that some measure should be taken to protect those in the city who are unable to pay the regular price. The price for Boston ice has not been set since 1914.

"Last year thousands secured their ice from the stations at half the regular price. The price for Boston ice at that time was 25 cents per 100 pounds. The increase in the price of ice will not even pay for the extra money necessary to cut the ice.

"The stations will be well supplied with ice despite the fact that double prices charged the poor could be obtained from dealers in Connecticut and Rhode Island, and even New York for that matter."

Mayor Peters praised the attitude of the ice men and said he was glad of the chance he was to co-operate in such a movement.

JOAN OF ARC TO BE CANONIZED, PARIS HEARS Paris, March 25.—Joan of Arc is to be canonized by Pope Benedict, according to advices in clerical circles here.

THREE AVIATORS BELIEVED LOST IN SEA

Trio Were on Way from Baltimore to New York in Endurance Test

Baltimore, Md., March 25.—Three aviators from the naval air station at Hampton Roads, Va., are believed to have been lost in the Chesapeake Bay Sunday, when their airplane was ditched in the heavy weather.

A radiogram from the air base at Hampton Roads notified officials of the naval overseas transportation service here that the aviators, whose identity was not given, on their way to New York on an endurance flight, had been missing for three days and were probably in difficulties.

The captain of the tug E. P. Williams, arriving in port, reported that a disabled plane had been sighted about eight miles off York Spit, near the York River, Monday afternoon.

Owing to the heavy weather he was unable to approach the plane, but it looked awfully bad.

The plane with a pilot and two mechanics left the naval base Sunday afternoon. It was to have arrived here that day, but was never reported passing Baltimore.

BOSTON SUFFRAGISTS ON JUBILEE BOARDS Two Boston women have been appointed to places on important committees by the National Woman Suffrage Association's Jubilee Convention in St. Louis. Alice Stone Blackwell has been made a member of the resolutions committee, and Mrs. George Winslow Perkins, a member of the committee on education.

Where to Buy Your Spring Clothing

That's the Question That You Must Settle at This Time
If you want to trade where you will find correct styles—dependable qualities—large and well assorted stocks from which to select receiving the MOST VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY—where you will find courteous service and perfect satisfaction, YOU WILL BUY YOUR SPRING OUTFIT AT ONE OF JOYCE BROS. & CO. STORES. We now have ready for your inspection the choicest productions of America's leading manufacturers of Men's Wear, including the latest styles at the lowest possible price consistent with quality. WE SOLICIT THE PEOPLE'S PATRONAGE only on a basis of business merit and our ability to serve them BETTER THAN ANY HOUSE IN OUR LINE OF TRADE IN NEW ENGLAND.

IT'S NOT NECESSARY TO PAY CASH FOR YOUR CLOTHING
We will gladly charge your purchases and you may pay for them in easy partial payments as you care the money

Ladies' Spring Suits

Exceedingly smart creations in Spring suits for Ladies, Misses and Juniors we now show in profuse assortment. All latest styles, including the new popular Dolman Coat, the latest drape of fashion. Splendidly trimmed and tailored. ALTERATIONS FREE.

\$16.98, \$22.50, \$27.50 up to \$45.00

Ladies' Stylish Dresses

Charming Spring dresses in georgette, taffeta, foulard, crepe, chine, serge, poplin and satin. Exquisite in workmanship and design. All colors, all sizes. ALTERATIONS FREE.

\$12.50, \$18.50, \$24.98 up to \$45.00

Ladies' Stunning Coats

Beautiful Spring models for Ladies, Misses and Juniors. The latest styles, including the new popular Dolman Coat, the latest drape of fashion. Splendidly trimmed and tailored. ALTERATIONS FREE.

\$12.50, \$18.98, \$24.50 up to \$40.00

Young Men's Suits

We show a wide variety of clothes for the young man who wants up-to-date snappy styles, including the new form fitting and waist line suits in all the latest fabrics. It is not necessary to pay a fancy price for a good suit.

\$17.50, \$22.50, \$27.98 up to \$40.00

Boys' Suits and Top Coats

Our Boys' Suits and Overcoats are built for business by expert makers of boys' clothing. The fabrics and tailoring will stand the hard usage of a growing boy.

\$4.98, \$5.98, \$7.50 up to \$15

"It's the Bean"

I AM bought by the W. S. Quinby Company from the world's best plantations, regardless of price. I am plump and fully matured.

They bring me across the sea, clean me carefully, blend me skilfully to make the La Touraine flavor—roast me perfectly, weigh me and pack me automatically in a beautiful bag until I greet you at your grocer's.

Then what happens? You ask for me by the familiar name of La Touraine. Your grocer grinds me, or you take me home and do it yourself. And then—

You find out what fresh, fragrant, rich coffee means—what the choice coffee bean, cultivated and cared for, and carefully blended and roasted, can give you in smiles and satisfaction from La Touraine, the Perfect Coffee.

"It's the bean." You may have been buying cheaper coffee than La Touraine, but La Touraine is more economical, and the perfect beans give you perfect coffee. Always fresh, always the same. The bean comes to you with all its goodness in it. Just try La Touraine, the Perfect Coffee.

Ask to see the La Touraine Coffee you buy in the bean.

W. S. Quinby Company
Boston—Chicago
La Touraine Coffee and Teas

PEOPLE WHO USE QUINBY'S
La Touraine
SAY IT'S The Perfect Coffee

Don't accept coffee that is La Touraine unless it's in the La Touraine bag.

Safe Milk
for Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upholding the body's vitality. Vigorous for nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking. Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

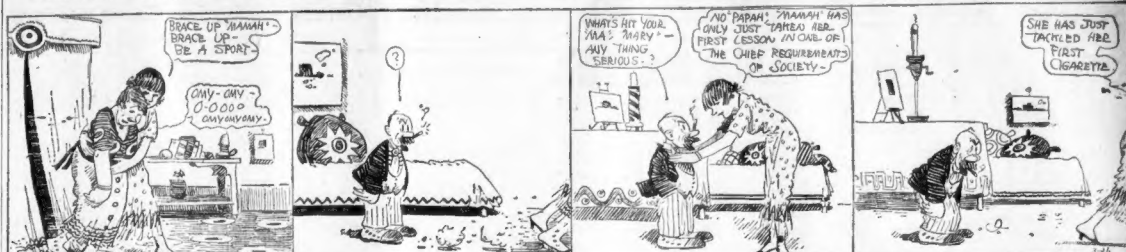
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Illustrations of various women's shoes, including pumps and boots, with price tags of \$2.

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JERRY ON THE JOB

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JERRY ON THE JOB

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Nothing if Not Loyal—That's Jerry

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It Looked Like Hay, Anyway

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Talk About Jess Willard—

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DEAR MR. KARIBBLE,
I HEAR THAT MY FIANCE SMOKE-SHOULD I BREAK
THE ENGAGEMENT? - LILLY MAROLD
HOW DO YOU THINK YOU GOT YOUR RING?
(LILLY MAROLD)

Stocks Advanced in New York at Midday

STEEL ISSUES AD MOTORS RALLY

Shipping Shares Are a Strong Group in an Active Market

By W. H. ROSS, Financial Editor.

Stocks had improved in New York yesterday, having been a rally at midday in which steel and auto shares were leaders. The price advance was a traditional gain at this time, while most active shares followed it upward. The advance brought out a fresh supply of stock and prices came out to some extent within the next hour. Olds were above their lowest level, but remained weak. There was not much change in copper or rail shares. Shipping shares were strong and there were a number of specialties to show gains. The price advance was narrow, viewing the list in its entirety from the start. Traders were awaiting events which would give the market a definite trend. The weakness was largely due to indecision. Trading was of good volume and very active during the first hour, when transactions totaled nearly \$100,000,000.

ADVANCES AND DECLINES.

Among declines at 2 o'clock were U. S. Steel, at 27 1/2; American Steel, at 26 1/2; Republic Steel, at 25 1/2; Bethlehem Steel, at 24 1/2; American Iron Works, at 23 1/2; American Locomotive, at 22 1/2; American Machine, at 21 1/2; American Foundry, at 20 1/2; American Bridge, at 19 1/2; American Rolling Mill, at 18 1/2; American Steel Wire, at 17 1/2; American Steel Pipe, at 16 1/2; American Steel Plate, at 15 1/2; American Steel Sheet, at 14 1/2; American Steel Bar, at 13 1/2; American Steel Rod, at 12 1/2; American Steel Nail, at 11 1/2; American Steel Bolt, at 10 1/2; American Steel Nut, at 9 1/2; American Steel Washer, at 8 1/2; American Steel Rivet, at 7 1/2; American Steel Screw, at 6 1/2; American Steel Plug, at 5 1/2; American Steel Pin, at 4 1/2; American Steel Wire Rope, at 3 1/2; American Steel Cable, at 2 1/2; American Steel Chain, at 1 1/2; American Steel Hoop, at 1/2; American Steel Band, at 1/4; American Steel Spring, at 1/8; American Steel Valve, at 1/16; American Steel Fitting, at 1/32; American Steel Flange, at 1/64; American Steel Gasket, at 1/128; American Steel Seal, at 1/256; American Steel Plug, at 1/512; American Steel Pin, at 1/1024; American Steel Wire Rope, at 1/2048; American Steel Cable, at 1/4096; American Steel Chain, at 1/8192; American Steel Hoop, at 1/16384; American Steel Band, at 1/32768; American Steel Spring, at 1/65536; American Steel Valve, at 1/131072; American Steel Fitting, at 1/262144; American Steel Flange, at 1/524288; American Steel Gasket, at 1/1048576; American Steel Seal, at 1/2097152; American Steel Plug, at 1/4194304; American Steel Pin, at 1/8388608; American Steel Wire Rope, at 1/16777216; American Steel Cable, at 1/33554432; American Steel Chain, at 1/67108864; American Steel Hoop, at 1/134217728; American Steel Band, at 1/268435456; American Steel Spring, at 1/536870912; American Steel Valve, at 1/1073741824; American Steel Fitting, at 1/2147483648; American Steel Flange, at 1/4294967296; American Steel Gasket, at 1/8589934592; American Steel Seal, at 1/17179871104; 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England's Good Sense Is an Example for America

The British commission appointed to make educational improvements has recommended the increased teaching of German in British schools and colleges.

Your true Briton has his spasms of emotion, and even of hysteria, but he never long lets go of his common sense. And he thoroughly understands that the war is over and that the sooner the peoples of the world resume normal ways of thinking and acting the better it will be for all peoples.

Here at home we still have a few silly men and women who think that they exhibit patriotism by trying to raise a hullabaloo against the German language, German music and even German names.

The silliness of such action is best shown by the fact that at least 20 per cent. of our fighting men have German names.

Workers' New Demands Must Be Met More Than Half Way

Conditions in Great Britain are very serious.

The soldiers are impatient at being kept any longer under arms.

The people are insistently clamoring for demobilization.

The English, Scotch, Welsh and Irish labor unions are striking from one end of the empire to the other or threatening to strike. Labor everywhere is restive and insistent upon gaining new demands.

The British press looks upon the situation with grave alarm. Some of the London newspapers go so far as to predict revolution in case the government does not handle the strike situation with celerity and skill.

While the labor unions are without exception demanding shorter hours—and the majority of them are also demanding an increase of wages—the complaint which they all make in common is that the Peace Congress is wasting week after week in talk and not doing anything concrete and definite.

The British people are saying, just as the American people are saying, that they want their soldiers out of the army and at home. And every week that the proclamation of peace is delayed increases the volume of this sentiment and adds to the asperity with which the British people voice it.

We do not know, of course, how matters will turn out in Great Britain, but we do know that the British Junkers and the French Junkers and the Italian Junkers—American Junkers, too—ought to have sense enough to realize that they will go the way of the Russian Junkers and the German Junkers and the Austrian Junkers unless they meet the new demands of the workers more than half way.

The working people of the civilized world have everywhere seen a new light; have everywhere acquired a new consciousness of their power, their rights and their importance.

It makes no difference to them that prime ministers and marshals and generals and diplomats strut in the limelight for the time being on the great stage of the world.

For they know—these workers of the world—that they themselves, with their own sacrifices and their own sufferings and their own courage and their own armies fought and won the great war whose principal and final glorious result they have determined shall be a new freedom, and a new existence, and a new world for the men and women who do the work of the world.

In Russia that sentiment has resulted in armed and successful revolution.

In other parts of Europe it has resulted in unsuccessful but costly and bloody attempts at revolution.

In Germany it has resulted in the successful establishment of democratic government whose institutions, including universal suffrage for men and women and a parliament freely chosen by proportional representation, are as liberal and as free as those of any nation in the world; and in France and in Italy and in Great Britain, and in the United States, too, this new consciousness of the workers must be recognized or else there will be most serious trouble.

The day of Junkerdom is over. It is face to face with its doom. And Junkerdom can either accept its doom gracefully or accept it violently.

But whether it leaves the stage or civilization early and quickly, or whether it is swept away in the storms and tempests of riot and revolution, it still must leave the stage.

This is the age of the plain people, and they mean hereafter to assume the direction of the affairs of mankind.

Once-Overs

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ALWAYS GIVE A FULL EXPLANATION.

When you want to put something across, do you make an intellectual appeal to reason, or do you, in loud voice, begin by saying, "Now I tell you" or "I say" or so? That is just where you weaken the effect of what you really desire to make forceful.

You are not concerned to explain why you think "no and so" should be done, but you think it sufficient that you say it should be done, don't you?

You are much mistaken if you think the bare bones of your thought are going to be taken, without any life or ands or therefores. If you would choose that skeleton thought or idea so that the nature of the beast could be understood, then your saying might be proven beyond a doubt.

Americans, you know, are free to be original, and the good old stock is not given to following like sheep.

It has been an old-world fundamental to take one man's say-so, and it's been ruinous to the peoples as a whole, and individually.

We don't want it here.

Americans respect fundamental, God-made laws, and make their deepest accents in mind influencing mind—logical, orderly thought. An honest thought, logically hinged—an intellectual appeal—that counts.

Before and After Yankee Treatment

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Ye TOWN GOSSIP

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

By K. C. B.

DEAR K. C. B.—In our town there lives a dear old lady who has been sick for over a year. The 13th of March was her eighty-third birthday. In the morning there came a package from a friend in another city, and in the package was a beautiful bunch of red carnations and a card with just: "Congratulations of Ella B." As we smelled the flowers our cat, whose name is Thomas Woodrow, came and mewed and stood up on his hind legs and smelled the flowers and then sat down and purred and looked just human.

And mother, who has been sleeping nearly all day for the longest time, just kept her eyes open all day long feasting on the beautiful flowers. Ella B. and I both dote on you, and you can thank her better than I and tell people in general to remember old people while they are living and not keep the flowers until they are gone. I thank you.

DEAR ELLA B.

FOR WHOEVER IT IS.

WHO WROTE THE LETTER.

AND FOR HER MOTHER.

ON HER eighty-third birthday.

I'M WRITING TO YOU.

ON BEHALF of all mothers.

WHEREVER THEY ARE.

AND OF all old folk.

WHEREVER THEY ARE.

JUST TO tell their thanks.

FOR THE joy you sent.

TO ONE of them.

AND THE pity is.

IN THIS day and age.

WITH THE world messed up.

THAT SO many of us.

HAVE RAISED THE line.

THAT OUR vision takes.

AND WE look far off.

WHILE RIGHT at our doors.

AND RIGHT in our homes.

ARE HUNGRY hearts.

WE FORGET to feed.

AND THAT must be fed.

IF THEY shall live.

AND IF we shall live.

WITH OUR hearts tuned right.

OF OUR coffee, Ella B.

IT ISN'T the flowers.

THAT WE want.

WITH THE joy they plant.

IN A mother's heart.

SO MUCH as it is.

THAT BEYOND the flowers.

A FRIENDSHIP lies.

AND DOESN'T forget.

AND IT was that.

THAT THIS mother saw.

AND THAT saddened her eyes.

ON HER fatal day.

AND THE best of it was.

THAT THE joy you sent.

PERVADED the home.

AND THE daughter wrote.

TO TELL it to me.

AND THE Thomas cat.

SAT UP and purred.

AND I'll bet.

AND WRITE it down.

AND WHEREVER it goes.

IT WILL carry warmth.

INTO OTHER hearts.

AND THAT'S what you did.

WHEN YOU didn't forget.

AND YOU bought the flowers.

FOR THE little old mother.

IN HER twilight days.

I THANK YOU.

Letters to the Editor

America First

Editor Boston American:

Mr. Hearst's ringing demand for the revival of "the great American principle of protection" comes at a time when it is refreshing to hear a voice raised for American interests and American policy.

As Colonel Harvey so well says: "If America has a single advocate among our representatives at the conference there is no sign of it yet. They represent humanity, but humanity did not elect them. And if that league is formed its first president will represent humanity, but not a single representative out of the nine devoted to the interests of the United States."

Every nation at the peace conference, except America, is carefully safeguarding its own essential interests. England has forced the withdrawal of the demand for "the freedom of the seas," and is seeking guarantees for her territorial integrity. France is demanding security for her frontiers; Italy an extension of her domain; and Japan the removal of restrictions on immigration.

The war would have been lost had it not been for the industrial development and economic power of the United States. That development was made possible by the American protective tariff policy, the revival of which Mr. Hearst demands in the interest of national welfare and prosperity.

In the economic struggle which will follow the war a protective tariff is our only effective weapon. As we lay away our swords and our rifles, let every soldier and civilian demand, with Mr. Hearst, that the nation be equipped with an adequate tariff, in order that the welfare of our workmen and the stability of our industries may be safeguarded with the fullest possible measure of industrial preparedness.

It is fair and just that the Boston American should lead in this policy of true Americanism.

THOMAS O. MARVIN.

Secretary, Home Market Club.

Charge Favoritism

Editor Boston American:

Kindly allow me a little space in your widely read journal to make known to the public the following facts concerning the Department of Utilities, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.

There are some six hundred men here, the majority of whom have been in the service more than sixteen months.

They have performed their duties creditably. The jobs they occupy here are so simple, in most cases, that any ordinary laborer, without exception, could perform them.

In the surrounding towns and cities thousands of men are unemployed. Why not give them the opportunity of enjoying camp life, and show gratitude to us for our faithful service and allow us to go home to our waiting positions?

Many of us here consider ourselves not as soldiers, but rather conscientious laborers. Surely a grateful government does not expect its soldiers, in peace time, to work seven days a week, and often twelve hours per day.

Such things as favoritism exist here. By being silver tongued and good hand shakers men without dependents from this department have already gone back to civil life, while others with wives and parents at home in distress have to wait here until perhaps death will relieve them of such burdens.

Neither are we slackers of France. Such remarks are being made about this department.

We were informed by one of our officers that if we made any remarks about getting discharged from the service that we would be compelled to eat and work and sleep under an armed guard from the 18th Infantry.

We hope your upright and noble stand in helping the soldiers, as no other Boston paper does, will see fit to circulate the above statements.

Thanking you in advance, we remain,

SIX HUNDRED STRONG.

Producing Milk

South African natives along the Orange River have an ingenious way of producing "milk" after cutting the top from a cactus and the native places the nut over the ashes, so that the warmth may cause the fat and "butter" contained in the bark to be absorbed by the milk; this changes the milk's quality and gives it a palatable taste. In order to deal with the natives, the natives are constructed rough "holders" from iron hoops. The ashes are placed under the grating and the nut is set in it. Obviously, there must be no fire beneath the nut, or they would be burned and the milk lost.

POINTING OUT THE POWER THAT LIES IN WORDS

By Mrs. Wilson Woodrow

What would you do, if you were dissatisfied with your present job, and wanted to secure another which you felt would give you a wider opportunity?

That is the fix of a young man who has written to me.

He is twenty years old, a high school graduate with an additional year at college to his credit, and has had one year's business experience in an office position.

He doesn't see much of a future in his present place, however, and is consequently seeking an opening more in line with his ambitions.

He has advertised and answered ads, he says, he has appealed to all his friends and acquaintances, and has followed up either by letter or by a personal call every chance of which he could hear; but all without results.

Baffled and at sea, he writes to ask me what he shall do. He has no doubt of his qualifications, and is perfectly sure that he can make good; but he seems unable to get the chance. What is the trouble?

One does not have to be the seventh daughter of a seventh daughter, or born under a well to tell him. His difficulty, like most of those with which the rest of us are struggling, is entirely of his own making.

He takes four closely written pages to present the facts regarding himself that I have stated above in four short paragraphs, and before he even approaches the subject matter of his letter, prefaces it with this introduction:

"I am forwarding this communication to you in the hope that you may be able to assist me in solving the problem I am confronted with."

The nature of the problem itself is a very practical one, and one which no doubt has on innumerable occasions come to your notice. I am compelled, though, to resort to this method in attaining my ends, having tried all others and found them unsuccessful.

What follows may seem to you to be no more than a voluminous and lengthy piece of fiction, unworthy of your serious attention. I can assure you, however, that it has been written in all sincerity, and is lengthy only because of my desire to tell you everything, in order that no fact may be wanting should you be interested. And now to a specific mention, as brief as possible, of the facts in the case."

And he says he wants to effect a connection, which will eventually lead to a position of executive assistant where he can be of aid in handling the correspondence.

Frankly, I wouldn't engage Charles M. Schwab as office boy on the strength of a letter like that. Yet I am willing to wager that this lad was graded by his instructors in English when at school for his fluency and command of language.

Oh, good old Anglo-Saxon tongue! What crimes are committed in thy name!

Businesslike Brevity

I don't want to be either unfair or unkind. I realize that, as my correspondent says, in his desire to explain himself, and writing to "utterly lady," he has been unduly verbose, still that ponderous Addisonian style of his is plainly a habit. And, if he is the sort of young fellow I think he is, he will not feel hurt, but thank me for pointing out a fault which he believes is the chief bar to his success.

CHRISTY'S "RIGHTS OF SMALL NATIONS"

Another of those lovely drawings illustrating American ideals, from President Chandler Christy, forms the full-color cover to the interesting story, "The Rights of Small Nations," which will appear in the next Sunday's issue.

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They have performed their duties creditably. The jobs they occupy here are so simple, in most cases, that any ordinary laborer, without exception, could perform them.

In the surrounding towns and cities thousands of men are unemployed. Why not give them the opportunity of enjoying camp life, and show gratitude to us for our faithful service and allow us to go home to our waiting positions?

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SIX HUNDRED STRONG.

Producing Milk

South African natives along the Orange River have an ingenious way of producing "milk" after cutting the top from a cactus and the native places the nut over the ashes, so that the warmth may cause the fat and "butter" contained in the bark to be absorbed by the milk; this changes the milk's quality and gives it a palatable taste. In order to deal with the natives, the natives are constructed rough "holders" from iron hoops. The ashes are placed under the grating and the nut is set in it. Obviously, there must be no fire beneath the nut, or they would be burned and the milk lost.

There is something here about the early Christians in the Roman arena as they marched out to the lions and gladiators, locked up ward protesting their faith and refused to fight, content to show their courageously to the Christians. The Catholic priest who travelled to the early days in this country and endured torture, with courage and faith, and was probably did more to convert the natives than any other man, as he was saying, "I can look any Indian in this tribe," and thus proving it.

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AND AMERICAN

Today

Hungarian Bolshevism
It Starts Virtuously
"Supreme Being" in Paris
To Make Church Masculine
By Arthur Brisbane

"Washington sees German plotting in the alleged Bolsheviki move in Hungary."

That may be true. However there seems to be something more than German plotting in the Hungarian trouble, for English monitors, hurrying up the Danube towards Budapest, are fired upon by the Bolshevists. That looks too much like "business" to be treated as a mere rumor set afloat to bury the peace league.

Hungary seems to be taking its Bolshevism virtuously. Russian Bolshevists are said to have restored the alcoholic drink that the czar eliminated, just before his subjects eliminated him. In Hungary, all drinking is forbidden. Ten thousand dollars is the fine for selling drink, two thousand the fine for drinking. This will make life dull in the "Queen of England" and other hotels along the Danube, where the Trianon was in the court in different days.

The peace commission is said to have changed the covenant, in part, to meet the objections of Senator Lodge and other Republican Senators.

"An American clergyman, at the request of his congregation, has sent a cablegram requesting the peace commission to recognize officially the existence of a 'supreme being.' That may come later. The league has recognized the existence of a Republican party, which is at start."

At least two millions of human beings gathered yesterday in New York to watch a parade of soldiers.

At the head of the parade was a gun carriage painted black, covered with "purple flowers" and drawn by ten horses with empty saddles. This represented the one thousand and odd dead soldiers of New York. It was a long parade, lasting hours. If all the dead killed in the war, nearly twenty million dead in all, it would have been a long procession, it is passing.

The line of dead that never came back, that did not hear the music or the cheering yesterday, lost their lives, will be made more longer unless in Paris some way is found to wipe out the suffering, hatred and revenge that were more war and more killing for the rest of this century.

There is a movement on foot to make the church more masculine, more virile. Women have been asked to offer suggestions and this has caused much discussion. It is a fact, however, according to evolution, that women have sent their husbands to be the fathers of their children. Have developed masculine energy.

The woman who lived in the cave with a place to sit and around her waist and worried about her condition of hair and baby, wanted a man around the place able to protect it against bears or other cave men. The man that would fight instead of running away was chosen for the head of the house. If he could be found, so the children had fierce masculine fathers.

This developed physical strength and as fighting required thinking, as well as muscle, it also developed new thinking.

One difficulty, perhaps, is that when it comes to the church which women largely support, by their plenty, women haven't the same interest in rugged masculinity as they used to have in the cave days, and are inclined to pay more attention to a sweet voice and a pretty face than to a sharp beard, a protruding jaw or a well developed bicep.

The ordinary citizen wonders why the church wants to be more masculine. To be sure, kindness to children, turning a cheek, doing good, doing good, accepting meekly the sorrows of this world, knowing that perdition is a coming, but these would not seem especially to demand masculinity.

There was something here about the early Christians in the Roman arena as they marched out to the lions and gladiators, locked up ward protesting their faith and refused to fight, content to show their courageously to the Christians. The Catholic priest who travelled to the early days in this country and endured torture, with courage and faith, and was probably did more to convert the natives than any other man, as he was saying, "I can look any Indian in this tribe," and thus proving it.